

Some insights into Hardware Security Modules (HSMs) in the Cloud

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Microsoft's HSM products

- [Key Vault \(premium\)](#)
 - Shared device (Luna 7), logical isolation
 - PaaS-like integration with Azure services
 - Most affordable, shared hardware, non-confidential
 - Keys and secrets management; no direct PKCS11
- [Managed HSM](#)
 - FIPS 140-2 Level 3
 - Dedicated HSM partition (Marvell, isolation at firmware), confidential
 - PaaS-like integration with Azure services
 - Keys management; no direct PKCS11 (subset coming for keyless TLS)
- [Dedicated HSM](#)
 - Dedicated full HSM rack device (Luna 7)
 - No integration with Azure services
 - Intended for full PKCS11 'lift and shift' for on-prem HSMs, general purpose
- Payments HSM (not yet GA – contact keithp@microsoft.com)
 - Intended for credit card payments processors + their regulatory needs
 - Dedicated full HSM rack device
 - No integration for Azure services

Why do customers buy HSMs?

- Vast majority – encryption at rest within Azure services
 - Encrypt my storage account, SQL records, etc
 - Requires deep integration with CSP, high performance requirements
- Keyless TLS
 - Keep your TLS private key in the HSM, popular with customers hosting internet facing servers
- Certificate Authorities / Custom PKCS#11 applications
 - Distribute keys during manufacturing, etc.
- Payments (financial card processing)
 - Strict requirements for performance and security

Why customers buy dedicated

- Lift-and-shift: Need PKC#S11, CAPI, JDA or other protocol due to an app
- Running your own Certificate Authority
- Concerns around access control (build a wall around me)
- Regulatory requirement for physical segregation
- Performance concerns

Why customers don't like dedicated

- Expensive (especially for high availability, multiple instances)
- Manage it yourself / load balance / failover etc
- Can't connect it to my PaaS services

Lift-and-shift vs. modernization

- Many customer conversations start with ‘I want to replace my on-prem HSM with one in the cloud’
 - Point existing apps to new code, you are done (not quite)
- Lift-and-shift is possible and a great first step in many cases
 - Does not give the savings that most customers are looking for (engineering time and \$\$)
 - Often a good way to buy some time between HSMs going out of support and modernizing your apps
- Modernizing apps and rethinking base assumptions usually leads to better outcomes
 - Can you use a shared HSM for this app?
 - You can centralize your control over keys more easily (“crypto center of excellence”)
 - Better options for automating important hygiene tasks (key roll, etc)

HSM as a second-order requirements

- Most customers don't care about HSM – they care about controlling data leaks, preventing the CSP from viewing their data, partitioning data access inside their org, etc
 - HSM is a means to an end
 - Customers are looking well integrated systems that are as cheap as possible
 - Many will ask for dedicated HSMs in this case as an isolation strategy, but in many cases not necessary.
 - Often other solutions can help (data partitioning, better RBAC, data governance, shared HSM, etc)
- Small-medium businesses often are just concerned about checking a compliance box
 - I run my medical practice with Magical Software X, that requires an HSM for HIPPA, what is the cheapest you have?
 - Dedicated is almost never the right answer here

Pitfalls of full ownership/control

- Do you know what all those switches do? 😊
 - Correct usage/maintenance requires a lot of expertise.
 - True experts in HSM/crypto are rare & expensive – adds to TCO
 - True for both on-prem and cloud deployments
- HSM expertise does not always translate into better data management
 - Go for the fancy crypto ciphers etc rather than sensible data governance
 - Increase complexity in your apps
 - No safety net if you crypto-lock yourself out
 - Managed services allow you to rent the device AND the experts
- Analogy – owning your own airplane.
 - Best thing for certain scenarios – but in most cases just buying a ticket is better

Dedicated HSM Challenge: Benefits of ownership without management

- Do you really want *dedicated* or *isolated*?
 - Separate HSM device? Or isolated partition on shared device OK?
 - Separate network?
 - Physical separation for many is a classical view of isolation
 - Can we call anything encrypted by your key as untouchable by me? (Managed HSM philosophy)
- How can I manage your HSM hardware, support infra etc, but without any rights to see/use your keys within?
- How do I prove to you that I cannot see/use the keys within?
 - Regulators will want to see hard proof of the security